

A.O.B.: Update on the crystal collimation plans

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410th LMC meeting, 03/02/2021

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- "Crystal collimation" relies on hadron-beam channeling in bent crystals, used instead of standard primary collimators, to improve halo cleaning.
 - Promising results obtained in Run 2 at 6.5 Z TeV with Pb ion beams
- Part of R&D studies under HL-LHC-WP5, then in 2019 integrated in the baseline upgrade as mitigation to schedule risks with the 11T dipoles
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Crystal collimation scheme





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- Goal: crystal collimation system operational in 2022 for the first Pb ion run
- Russian institutes PNPI and IHEP to provide the mechanics of the "Crystal Primary Collimators", called TCPC, to replace the presently-installed test devices.
 - Mechatronics and controls components come from CERN: schedule under control
- Initial in-kind schedule based on the plan that in-kind funding could start in 2020.
 It then turned out that it can **not start before spring 2021**.
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In the second half of 2020, it became clear that it would be too risky to rely only on the in-kind support to make any intervention before the LHC startup in 2022. Confirmed at the end of 2020 when the decision on 11T dipoles was taken.









- In light of the decision (Nov. 2020) not to install the 11T dipoles around IR7 during LS2, the HL-LHC project decided to support the deployment in the LHC of **crystal collimation** as "Plan A" for the **ion runs in Run 3**.
 - Ahead of the kick-off of hardware activities in Russia, the project undertakes the construction of 2 TCPC units for installation before the 2022 run.
 - Can replace the 2 most critical test devices in IR7 (out of 4 used in Run 2) Present proposal: replace the vertical TCPCs in 6L7-B1 and 6R7-B2.
 - Design and construction are done at CERN with in-kind support, which will also help the subsequent production in Russia
 - In-kind support remains instrumental to complete to rest of units & spares
 - Discussions with relevant CERN teams indicate that schedule is tight but feasible for completing two units by early November 2021.





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- Key reference documents: HL-LHC "decision management reports" (DMRs)
 - LHC-LBH-ED-0001 (EDMS 2441244): non-installation of 11 T dipoles

CERN

LHC-TCPC-ED-0001 (EDMS 2455213): in-house production of 2 TCPCs

Conclusions



- Following the decision not to install in LS2 11 T dipoles around IR7 during LS2, we are working on deploying the crystal collimation scheme for ion operation in Run 3
 - Focus on lead ion beams, following the LIU intensity upgrade
- Important delays in 2020: the lack of funds in Russia prevents relying fully on in-kind contributions, as initial planned.
- The HL-LHC project decided to advance resources to prepare at least two "crystal primary collimators" that are expected to be available for installation at the end of 2021
 - Hybrid system in 2022, still relying on some of the test devices used in Run 2
 - In-kind contribution will follow to complete the construction of additional units that should be installed in the YETS2022-23
- Next steps:
 - Final assessment of resources and planning
 - Update of the ECR LHC-TC-EC-0015 (July 2018) for crystal installation in LS2
 - To be presented to the LMC for approval: request to install new TCPC after beam tests in fall 2021.





Reserve slides



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Recap. from CSR2019



Project approach to crystal collimation

- Crystal collimation: ion-beam cleaning (or low intensity proton beams)
 - IR7 cannot easily be upgraded to sustain high losses from proton beams
 - Satisfactory cleaning performance for proton after upgrade
- Crystal Collimation as a backup plan for late installation of 11T dipole
 - But after the new DS upgrade are not strictly needed
 - With essentially no additional cost, we are buying a backup plan, in case of delay.
 - We increase the robustness of cleaning upgrade also in presence of 11T
- The experience in 2018 demonstrated important applications of crystal collimation beyond high-intensity beam cleaning (e.g. special runs).
- HL-LHC also contributes to a new technology demonstration for the future machine!
 - First time usage in collider's operation!
- Opportunity for a new partner to participate in HL-LHC.



S. Redaelli for WP5

Presented to the Cost & Review 2019

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HILUND CERN

Approval made possible thanks to substantial inkind contributions by Russia (PNPI/IHEP)

Presented to the Cost & Review 2019

References to recent material



- Presentation to the <u>398th LMC</u>, Jul. 8th (S. Redaelli)
 - Scenarios for different 11T installation plans.
- Presentation to the <u>405th LMC</u>, Nov. 11 (D. Mirarchi)
 - Pb ion losses in 2018 and extrapolations to Run 3.
- <u>120th HL-TCC meeting</u>, Nov. 12 (three presentations)
 - Review of Pd ion cleaning performance, hardware status and production plans.
- First look at in-house production schedule of TCPC by EN/ STI (I. Lamas)
 - Collimation upgrade manag. meting, <u>ColUMM, Nov. 19</u>
- Dec. 2020 Jan. 2021: decision management reports
 - See links above for reports from WP11 and WP5.
- Next LMC: report on controls plans for 2022 (M. Di Castro)





See <u>http://cds.cern.ch/</u> <u>record/2730428</u> for details on procedure





X-Ray machine setup



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Bent-crystal production: two contracts between CERN:

- INFN-Fe (6 new strip crystals): P109/A23 (Apr. 2019)
- PNPI (12 new strip crystal):
- Technical contact:

KE4350/EN/HL-LHC (May 2019)

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 - Five crystals made by PNPI and tested in Run 2 by the UA9 collaboration in H8 are available

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Earliest delivery of new crystals: June 2021

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- Optical validation of crystals with x-ray is planned at CERN, with CERN equipment, by BE/CEM
- Validation with hadron beams in H8 is being discussed (time request for North Area brought forward by SY/STI).
 - Dates for tests to be finalised once delivery dates known

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X-Ray machine setup



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The bent crystal for LHC collimation









TCPC assembly







TCPCV.A6R7 B2 Vertical

